

Taxonomical and Biogeographical Evaluation of the Subfamily Tryphoninae (Hymenoptera: Ichneumonidae) in Turkey

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ABSTRACT

The main objective of this study is to analyze faunistical, ecological, zoogeographical distribution and host data of specimens belonging to the subfamily Tryphoninae Shuckard, 1840 (Hymenoptera: Ichneumonidae). The specimens were collected from different provinces in Turkey between March 1990 and October 2016. A total of 1463 specimens were identified into 95 species, 26 genera, 13 subgenera and 6 tribes. Most of the specimens were collected after the year 2000 and were considered as new records. Among them, *Netelia (Paropheltes) beschkovi* Kolarov, 1994 and *Parablastus anatolicus* Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005 were newly described from Turkey. Also these species are endemic for Turkey. For each species details biogeographical and zoogeographical data, altitudinal distribution, seasonal dynamics, number of specimens, available host data, plants visited by adults and the first record of the species from Turkey are summarised.

Key words: Tryphoninae, new records, endemic.

INTRODUCTION

It has taken over three billion years for life on Earth to evolve to such high complexity that we see today as biodiversity. At the same time, modern human behaviour is reducing biodiversity at an alarming pace, and the world's biota is facing its sixth mass extinction (Barnosky, et al, 2011).

Insecta is the most species rich group of organisms, and those with a parasitoid lifestyle have become exceptionally successful (Gauld, Godoy, Sithole & Ugalde Gómez, 2002; Hamilton, et al. 2010). Parasitoids are insects whose larvae develop by feeding in or on other arthropods (usually other insects), which results in the death of the parasitoid's host (Godfray, 1994). Parasitoids are species rich in the orders Hymenoptera (bees and wasps) and Diptera (flies), and a few are encountered in, e.g., Coleoptera (beetles), Neuroptera (net-winged insects) and Trichoptera (caddisflies).

Among the many thousands of Hymenopterous insects existing in the World, Ichneumonidae may still be the largest of all animal families with over 100,000 estimated species worldwide (Gauld et al, 2002). Despite the abundance, diversity, and ecological importance of Ichneumonidae, there is a dearth of ecological studies or biodiversity surveys on them in general very little work has been done on parasitoids (Schwarzfeld, 2014).

Ichneumonidae is the biggest hymenopteran family including 1601 genera and 25285 described species (Yu, Achterberg & Horstmann, 2016). Number of recorded Ichneumonidae species in Turkey was 1056 in Taxapad (Yu, Achterberg & Horstmann, 2012). As a result of many studies performed, we found several species so far unknown in Turkey. With the below mentioned contributions (Çoruh & Kolarov, 2013; Çoruh & Özbek, 2013; Çoruh, Gürbüz, Kolarov, Yurtcan, Boncukçu Özdan, 2013; Çoruh, Kolarov, & Çoruh, 2014; Çoruh, Kolarov, & Özbek, 2014; Kolarov, Çoruh, & Çoruh, 2014a, b, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018; Kolarov, Yıldırım, Çoruh & Yüksel 2014; Özdan, 2014; Riedel, Yaman, 2014; Yurtcan & Kolarov, 2015; Çoruh & Çalmaşur, 2016; Çoruh & Kolarov, 2016; Özdan & Gürbüz, 2016; Çoruh, Kolarov & Çoruh, 2018; Riedel, Diller & Çoruh, 2018; Sarı & Çoruh, 2018; Çoruh, Kolarov & Ercelep, 2019) the number of Ichneumonidae fauna of Turkey reached to about 1259 species.

The Tryphoninae comprise a worldwide subfamily of the parasitic wasp family Ichneumonidae. This subfamily is the seventh largest subfamily of Ichneumonidae with about 57 genera and 1293 species worldwide (Yu et al, 2016). Most species of the Tryphoninae are koinobiont ectoparasitoids of Symphyta larvae, but members of some genera (e.g. *Netelia*) are ectoparasitoids of Lepidoptera larvae. Tryphonines have a hair-margined clypeus and two longitudinal parallel ridges occur on the first tergite. The female sometimes has stalked eggs projecting from its ovipositor (Townes, 1969).

Up to 1995 (Kolarov, 1995), only 16 Tryphoninae species belonging to 6 genera have been documented. After 1995, with contributions especially of Janko Kolarov, Murat Yurtcan, Saliha Çoruh and M. Faruk Gürbüz the numbers of Tryphoninae fauna of Turkey reached to 96 species into 25 genera.

Taxonomical and biogeographical evaluation of ichneumonids is poorly studied in Turkey. We present data on the abundance and species richness of the ichneumonid

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wasps in Turkey in this study. This study will reveal the evaluation and ecological importance of the ichneumonids.

The purpose of this study is to gather all the data about subfamily Tryphoninae. In this way, the present study will provide detailed information on the subfamily Tryphoninae species have been collected and identified in Turkey. Our studies will continue and these findings will be useful for future ichneumonid studies.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Overall, we collected a total of 1463 individuals of Ichneumonidae from 60 localities of Anatolia (Fig. 1). During the expedition, sweeping net, malaise and light traps were used to capture specimens. Also a small portion of ichneumonid species were reared from different hosts under laboratory conditions.



Fig. 1. Map of studied areas shown darker in Turkey.

The tribes, genera and species are listed in the alphabetical order. Distributional records were also used from recent Interactive Catalogue of World Ichneumonidae (Yu et al, 2012). Data on faunistic composition, ecological attributes, zoogeographical distributions, host species and plants visited by adults are provided in tables and graphs.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Tryphoninae species (Fig. 2) which are used in this study and added to the literature were collected in whole of Turkey in last two decade. Tryphoninae are evaluated in terms of different situations.

Faunistic evaluations

So far, a total of 95 species of 26 genera into six tribes of Tryphoninae were recognized in Turkey. In this study, one species and one genera belonging to tribe Eclytini and Idiogrammatini, 12 species and 6 genera tribe Exenterini, 4 species and 3 genera tribe Oedemosini, 29 species and 2 genera tribe Phytodietini, 48 species and 12 tribe Tryphonini were recorded. Among the species determined, *Tryphon (Tryphon) signator* is the most found species, with 162 individuals collected. *Tryphon (T.) atriceps* (157), *Tryphon (T.) rutilator* (151) and, *Netelia (N.) fuscicornis* (107) followed this species, respectively in the research area.



Fig. 2. Common Tyrphoninae species *Tryphon signator* Gravenhorst,1829; *Netelia fuscicornis* (Holmgren,1860)

Despite these intense species, *Eridolius pictus*, *Exyston subnitidus*, *Kristotomus pumilio*, *Cladeutes discedens*, *Netelia (Bessobates) latungula*, *N. (N.) denticulator*, *N. (N.) melanura*, *N. (N.) thoracica*, *N. (Paropheltes) beschkovi*, *N. (P.) elevator*, *N. (P.) maculiventris*, *N. (P.) nomas*, *N. (P.) turanica*, *N. (Toxochiloides) krishtali*, *Ctenochira meridionator*, *Erromenus bibulus*, *E. brunicans*, *E. junior*, *E. melanotus*, *E. punctulatus*, *Polyblastus (Polyblastus) pinguis*, *P. (P.) tuberculatus*, *Tryphon (Stenocrotaphon) obtusator* and *T. (Symboethus) heliophilus* (with 1 individual) were rarely found in Turkey (Table 1). Numbers of genera per tribe are shown in the graphs (Fig. 3).

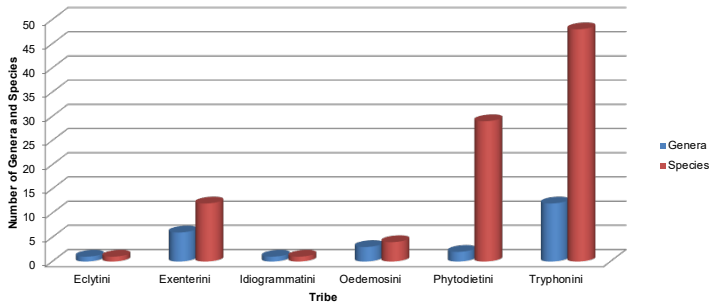


Fig. 3. Number of genera and species per tribe.

Ecological evaluations

Tryphonine specimens were collected at different altitudes in study area. These altitudes ranged from 0 m to 2500 m. We found that a total of 40 species were collected from between 0-500 m, 15 species between 501-750 m, 22 species between 751-1000 m, 38 species between 1001-1250 m, 22 species between 1251-1500 m, 27 species between 1501-1750 m, 22 species between 1751-2000 m and 26 species between 2001-2500 m (Table 1). Among them, 44 species were collected at only one altitude. *Tryphon (Tryphon) signator* and *T. (T.) zavreli* were collected from all altitudes. Despite, 42% of all species were collected between 0-500 m altitudes, 15% of all species were collected between 501-750 m (Figure 4).

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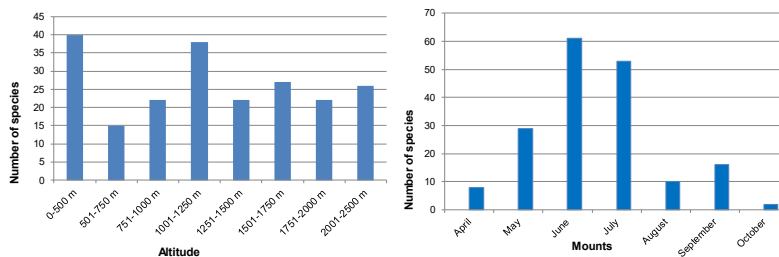


Fig. 4. Distributions of species according to altitude and months.

To look at seasonal activities of these species in Turkey, species were generally collected between April and October. It is a fact that tryphonine species are active on seven months of the year. However, they had more abundance during June and July (Table 1). As seen in table 1, *Acrotomus succinctus*, *Netelia (Netelia) fuscicornis* and *N. (N.) testacea* were collected in five different months a year. Also 51 species were collected only in one month.

With these results we can assert that, *N. (N.) fuscicornis* and *T. (T.) signator* were found to be the most abundant species as it was collected from different altitudes and different climate conditions.

Zoogeographical Evaluations

Samples were collected from different localities of 7 regions in Turkey during the study. As reported in the table 1, it is seen that, most of the samples (50) were collected from the Eastern Anatolia region and, 35, 34, 33, 29, 22, 3 species were collected from Mediterranean, Marmara, Central Anatolia, Black Sea, Aegean and Southeastern Anatolia region respectively (Fig. 5). Table 2 shows the province in the seven different regions where each species was collected. It is understood that when tables 1 and 2 are analyzed, *Netelia (Netelia) fuscicornis*, *N. (N.) testacea*, *Tryphon (Tryphon) atriceps* and *T. (T.) rutilator* were collected from six regions. *Tryphon (T.) signator*, *T. (T.) thomsoni* and *T. (T.) zavreli* were collected from all regions. We can say that, some of the species of *Tryphon* have a very wide distribution in Turkey.

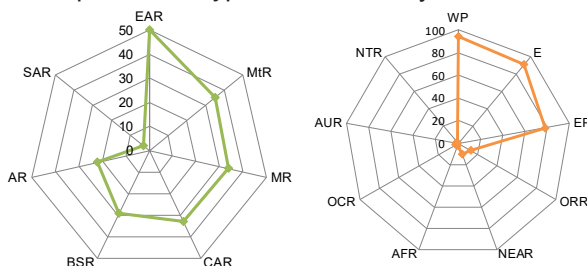


Fig. 5. Distribution of species according to regions of Turkey and world. Geographical regions (GR): AR: Aegean Region, BSR: Black Sea Region, CAR: Central Anatolia Region, EAR: Eastern Anatolia Region, MR: Marmara Region, MTR: Mediterranean Region, SAR: Southeastern Anatolia. Zoogeographical regions (ZR): AFR: Afrotropical Region, AUR: Australian Region, E: Europe, EP: Eastern Palaearctic, NEAR: Nearctic Region, NTR: Neotropical, ORR: Oriental, WP: Western Palaearctic.

Table 1. Data of collected species: Individual numbers (IN), vertical distribution (VD), seasonal dynamics (SD), geographical regions (GR), zoogeographical regions (ZR), host records (HR), plant visited records (PVR), first record of Turkey (FRT) of specimens.

| Names of Taxa | IN | VD | SD | GR | ZR | HR | PVR | FRT |
|---|----|------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----|-----|------------------------------------|
| TRIBE ECLYTINI TOWNES & TOWNES, 1945 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Eclytus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Zapedias</i> Forster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Eclytus (Zapedias) exornatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 2 | F | J | MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006 |
| TRIBE EXENTERINI FÖRSTER, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Acrotomus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Acrotomus lucidulus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | 14 | A, D, E | J, JI | AR, BSR, EAR, MR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| <i>Acrotomus succinctus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 17 | A, F, D, G | M, J, JI, Aug, S | AR, BSR, EAR, MR | EP, E, NEAR, ORR, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| Genus <i>Cycasis</i> Townes, 1965 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cycasis rubiginosa</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | 2 | H | J | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh, Özbek & Kolarov, 2005 |
| Genus <i>Eridolius</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Eridolius dorsator</i> (Thunberg, 1822) | 2 | F, G | J | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov, 2009 |
| <i>Eridolius pictus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 1 | E | J | EAR | EP, E, NEAR, WP | | | Kolarov et al, 2014c |
| Genus <i>Exenterus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Exenterus abruptorius</i> (Thunberg, 1822) | 4 | D | M, J | CAR, MİR | EP, E, NEAR, WP | X | X | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Exenterus ictericus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 5 | F | Ap | BSR | E, WP | | | Yurtcan, Kolarov & Beyarslan, 2006 |
| Genus <i>Exyston</i> Schiodt, 1839 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Exyston montanus</i> Kerrich, 1975 | 3 | F | J | CAR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov, 1995 |
| <i>Exyston sponsorius</i> Fabricius, 1781 | 14 | A, B, H, F | Ap, M, J, JI | AR, CAR, EAR, MR | EP, E, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| <i>Exyston subnitidus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 1 | ? | ? | Anatolia | E, WP | | | Kerrich, 1952 |
| Genus <i>Kristotomus</i> Mason, 1962 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Kristotomus laetus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 16 | A, C, F | M, J, JI | AR, EAR, MR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| <i>Kristotomus pumilio</i> (Holmgren, 1857) | 1 | A | J | BSR | E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2014a |
| TRIBE IDIOGRAMMATINI CUSHMAN, 1942 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Idiogramma</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Idiogramma</i> sp. | 2 | D | M | MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Boncukçu, 2008 |

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Table 1. Continued

| Names of Taxa | IN | VD | SD | GR | ZR | HR | PVR | FRT |
|--|-----|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|----|-----|--|
| TRIBE OEDEMOSINI WOLDSTEDT, 1877 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Cladeutes</i> Townes, 1969 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cladeutes discedens</i> Woldsteth, 1872 | 1 | F | Jl | MtR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| Genus <i>Oedemopsis</i> Tschek, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Oedemopsis scabricula</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | 7 | A, F | Jl | BSR, EAR, MR | EP, E, NEAR, ORR, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| Genus <i>Thymaris</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Thymaris contaminatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 3 | G | S | MR | E, WP | | | Kolarov, Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 1997 |
| <i>Thymaris tener</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 3 | F | J | MR | EP, E, WP | | | Yaman, 2014 |
| TRIBE PHYTODIETINI HELLEN; 1915 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Netelia</i> Gray, 1860 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Bessobates</i> Townes, Townes & Gupta, 1961 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Netelia (Bessobates) cristata</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 12 | A, B | J, Jl, O | AR, MR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| <i>Netelia (Bessobates) latungula</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 1 | A, H | Jl | CAR, MR | EP, E, NEAR, WP | | X | Fahringer, 1922 |
| <i>Netelia (Bessobates) virgata</i> (Fourcroy, 1785) | 3 | A, B, D, H | J, Jl, S | BSR, CAR, MR | EP, E, ORR, WP | X | X | Fahringer, 1922 |
| Subgenus <i>Netelia</i> Gray, 1860 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) denticulator</i> Aubert, 1969 | 1 | B | S | CAR | EP, E, WP | | | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) dilatata</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 59 | H, C, D, E, F | M, J, Jl | CAR, EAR, MtR | EP, E, WP | | X | Kolarov, Özbek & Yıldırım, 1999 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) fuscicornis</i> Holmgren, 1860 | 107 | A, B, C, D, H, E, G | M, J, Jl, S, O | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MR, MtR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Tolkanitz, 1981 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) melanura</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 1 | D | Jl | MtR | EP, E, WP | | | Delrio, 1975 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) ocellaris</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 10 | A, C, D, E | J, Jl, Aug | AR, MR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) opacula</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 2 | C, H | J | CAR, MtR | EP, E, OCR, ORR, WP | | | Sedivy, 1959 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) praevalvator</i> Delrio, 1971 | 14 | A, C | J, Jl | AR | E, WP | | | Yurtcan, Kolarov & Beyarslan, 2006 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) rufescens</i> (Tosquinet, 1896) | 7 | A, C | J, Jl, Aug | AR, MR | AFR, E, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002, |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) silantjewi</i> Kokujev, 1899 | 7 | A, C | J, Jl, Aug, S | AR, MR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Kolarov et al, 1997 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) testacea</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 56 | A, B, C, D, G, | M, J, Jl, Aug, S | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MR, MtR, | AFR, AUR, EP, E, NTR, OCR, ORR, WP | X | | Szepligetı, 1911 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) thoracica</i> (Woldstedt, 1880) | 1 | D | Jl | EAR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) valvator</i> Aubert, 1968 | 25 | A, G | Ap, J, Jl, Aug | AR, BSR, EAR, MR, MtR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov, 1994 |

Table 1. Continued

| Names of Taxa | IN | VD | SD | GR | ZR | HR | PVR | FRT |
|--|----|------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----|-----|---------------------------|
| TRIBE PHYTODIETINI HELLEN; 1915 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Netelia</i> Gray, 1860 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Paropheltes</i> Cameron, 1907 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) beschkovi</i> Kolarov, 1994 | 1 | A | Jl | CAR | WP | | | Kolarov, 1995 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) elevator</i> Aubert, 1971 | 1 | H | Jl | EAR | E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) maculiventris</i> Kokujev, 1915 | 1 | H | J | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) nigricarpus</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 4 | A, C | J, Jl | AR | EP, E, WP | | | Yurtcan et al, 2006 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) nomas</i> Kokujev, 1899 | 1 | H | Jl | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) parvula</i> (Meyer, 1927) | 2 | C | J | CAR | EP, E, WP | | X | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) tarsata</i> (Brischke, 1880) | 3 | C | S | CAR | EP, E, NEAR, WP | | | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) terebrator</i> (Ulbricht, 1922) | 3 | D | J, S | CAR | EP, E, WP | | X | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) turanica</i> (Kokujev, 1899) | 1 | G | Jl | EAR | E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Subgenus <i>Prosthodocis</i> Enderlein 1912 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Netelia (Prosthodocis) japonica</i> Uchida, 1928 | 2 | A, G | Jl | EAR, MR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| Subgenus <i>Toxochiloides</i> Tolkanitz, 1974 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Netelia (Toxochiloides) krishtali</i> Tolkanitz, 1971 | 1 | D | Jl | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov, 1995 |
| Genus <i>Phytodietus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Phytodietus griseanae</i> Kerrich, 1962 | 2 | H | S | CAR | EP, E, WP | | | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Phytodietus montanus</i> Tolkanitz, 1979 | 5 | D | M, J | AR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006 |
| <i>Phytodietus polyzonias</i> (Foerster, 1771) | 27 | A, C, D, E | M, J | CAR, MR | EP, E, WP | X | X | Özdemir, 2001 |
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD 1840 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Aderaeon</i> Townes, Townes, 1949 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Aderaeon hamatum</i> Kasparyan, 1971 | 10 | F, H | J, Jl | BSR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov et al, 1999 |
| Genus <i>Boethus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Boethus thoracicus</i> (Giraud, 1872) | 2 | F, H | J, Jl | EAR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006 |
| Genus <i>Cosmoconus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Cosmoconus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cosmoconus (C.) ceratophorus</i> (Thomson, 1888) | 6 | B, E, F, H | J, Jl, Aug, S | BSR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |

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Table 1. Continued

| Names of Taxa | IN | VD | SD | GR | ZR | HR | PVR | FRT |
|---|----|------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|----|-----|---------------------------|
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD 1840 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Cosmoconus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Cosmoconus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cosmoconus</i> (<i>C.</i>) <i>elongator</i> (Fabricius, 1775) | 3 | G, H | J, Jl, Aug | BSR, CAR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | X | Fahringer, 1921 |
| <i>Cosmoconus</i> (<i>C.</i>) <i>meridionator</i> Aubert, 1963 | 5 | E, H | Ap, S | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012 |
| Genus <i>Ctenochira</i> Förster, 1855 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Ctenochira</i> sp. | 1 | H | Jl | EAR | EP, E, NEAR, ORR, WP | | | Kolarov & Çalmaşur, 2011 |
| <i>Ctenochira angulata</i> (Thomson, 1883) | 3 | A, D | J | BSR, MR | EP, E, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| <i>Ctenochira meridionator</i> Aubert, 1969 | 1 | A | J | BSR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2014a |
| <i>Ctenochira pratensis</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 2 | E | J | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012 |
| Genus <i>Erromenus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Erromenus bibulus</i> Kasparyan, 1973 | 1 | G | J | BSR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Erromenus brunicans</i> Dalla Torre, 1901 | 1 | D | J | BSR, MTR | ? | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006 |
| <i>Erromenus junior</i> Thunberg, 1822 | 1 | G | Jl | EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Erromenus melanonotus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 1 | E | Jl | CAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kohl, 1905 |
| <i>Erromenus punctulatus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | 1 | F | J | EAR | EP, E, NEAR, WP | | | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012 |
| Subgenus <i>Aderaeon</i> Townes & Townes, 1949 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Erromenus</i> (<i>Aderaeon</i>) <i>hamatus</i> Kasparyan, 1971 | 4 | G, H | J, Jl | BSR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov et al, 1999 |
| Genus <i>Dyspetes</i> Förster, 1868 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Dyspetes arrogator</i> Heinrich, 1949 | 2 | A | J | MR | EP, E, ORR, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| Genus <i>Monoblastus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Monoblastus brachyacanthus</i> (Gmelin, 1790) | 70 | A, B, D, E, G, H | Ap, M, J, Jl | BSR, CAR, EAR, MR, MTR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| <i>Monoblastus discedens</i> (Schmiedeknecht, 1912) | 2 | F | J | MTR | E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006 |
| <i>Monoblastus fulvescens</i> Fonscolombe, 1849 | 5 | A, H, G | J, Jl | EAR, MR | E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| <i>Monoblastus luteomarginatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 5 | A | M, J | MTR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| <i>Monoblastus marginellus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 60 | A, D, F | M, J, Jl, Aug | AR, CAR, MTR, MR | E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |

Table 1. Continued

| Names of Taxa | IN | VD | SD | GR | ZR | HR | PVR | FRT |
|--|-----|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----|------------------------------|
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD 1840 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Neleges</i> Förster, 1868 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Neleges proditor</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 19 | A, C, D | J, JI | AR, MR, EAR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| Genus <i>Otoblastus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Otoblastus luteomarginatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 26 | A, E, F | Ap, M, J | CAR, EAR, MR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| Genus <i>Parablastus</i> Constantineanu, 1973 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Parablastus anatolicus</i> Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005 | 2 | D | J | MİR | WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005 |
| <i>Parablastus ibericus</i> Kasparyan, 1999 | 2 | D, E | JI | MİR | WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005 |
| Genus <i>Polyblastus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Labroctonus</i> Förster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Polyblastus (Labroctonus)</i> <i>alternans</i> Schiöde, 1838 | 11 | A, B, G | J, JI, S | MR, MİR | EP, E, WP, NEAR | | | Kolarov et al, 1997 |
| Subgenus <i>Polyblastus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus)</i> <i>cothurnatus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | 5 | B, D, E, F | M, J, JI | BSR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus)</i> <i>pinguis</i> (Gravenhorst, 1820) | 1 | C | J | CAR | EP, E, WP | | | Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus)</i> <i>tuberculatus</i> Teunissen, 1953 | 1 | D | J | CAR | EP, E, WP | | | Yaman 2014 |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus)</i> <i>varitarsus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | 3 | D, G | JI, S | BSR, EAR | EP, E, NEAR, WP | | | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012 |
| Genus <i>Thibetoides</i> Davis, 1897 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Thibetoides acerbus</i> Victorov, 1964 | 3 | D | M | EAR, MİR | EP, E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Aksoylar, 2004 |
| Genus <i>Tryphon</i> Fallen, 1813 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Tryphon</i> Fallen, 1813 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon)</i> <i>abditus</i> Kasparyan, 1969 | 24 | C, D, F, H | M, J, JI, Aug | BSR, CAR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon)</i> <i>atriceps</i> Stephens, 1835 | 157 | A, B, C, D F, H, | A, M, J, JI | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MİR, MR, | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov et al, 1999 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon)</i> <i>caucasicus</i> Kasparyan, 1969 | 5 | D, F, G | JI | BSR; EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov et al, 1999 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon)</i> <i>latrator</i> (Fabricius, 1781) | 8 | A, D | M | MİR, MR | EP, E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Aksoylar, 2004 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon)</i> <i>psilosagator</i> Aubert, 1966 | 19 | A, D, E, F | Ap, M, JI | EAR, MR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| <i>Tryphon (T.) rarus</i> Kasparyan, 1969 | 7 | D | M | MİR | E, WP | | | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon)</i> <i>relator</i> (Thunberg, 1822) | 3 | A, G | JI | EAR, MR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012 |

Taxonomical and Biogeographical Evaluation of the Subfamily Tryphoninae

Table 1. Continued

| Names of Taxa | IN | VD | SD | GR | ZR | HR | PVR | FRT |
|--|-----|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|----|-----|------------------------------|
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD 1840 | | | | | | | | |
| Genus <i>Tryphon</i> Fallen, 1813 | | | | | | | | |
| Subgenus <i>Tryphon</i> Fallen, 1813 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) rutilator</i> Linnaeus, 1761 | 151 | A, B, C, D, E, G, H | M, J, JI | AR, BSR, CAR, MtR, MR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | X | Fahringer, 1922 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) signator</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | 162 | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H | Ap, M, J, JI | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MR, MtR, SAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov, 1987 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) subsulcatus</i> (Holmgren, 1857) | 3 | E, H | J | CAR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) talitzkii</i> Telenga, 1930 | 11 | F | M, J, JI | BSR, EAR, MtR | E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) thomsoni</i> Roman, 1939 | 114 | A, B, C, D, E, F, G | M, J, JI, S | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MR, MtR, SAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) trochanteratus</i> Holmgren, 1855 | 19 | A, C, D, E | M, J, JI, S | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MtR | EP, E, WP | | | Fahringer, 1922 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) zavreli</i> Gregor, 1939 | 59 | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H | M, J, JI | AR, BSR, CAR, EAR, MtR, MR, SAR | EP, E, WP | | | Kolarov, 1987 |
| Subgenus <i>Stenocrotaphon</i> Kasparyan, 1969 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Stenocrotaphon) obtusator</i> (Thunberg, 1824) | 1 | D | M | CAR | EP, E, WP | | | Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Tryphon (Stenocrotaphon) subsulcatus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | 2 | E | J | CAR, EAR | EP, E, WP | | | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| Subgenus <i>Symboethus</i> Foerster, 1869 | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Symboethus) heliophilus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | 1 | A | M | MtR | EP, E, WP | | | Yaman, 2014 |

Vertical distribution (VD) (metre): A: 0-500 m, B: 501-750 m, C: 751-1000 m, D: 1001-1250 m, E: 1251-1500 m, F: 1501-1750 m, G: 1751-2000 m, H: 2001-2500 m. Seasonal dynamics (SD): A: April, M: May, J: June, JI: July, A: August, S: September, O: October. Geographical regions (GR): AR: Aegean Region, BSR: Black Sea Region, CAR: Central Anatolia Region, EAR: Eastern Anatolia Region, MR: Marmara Region, MtR: Mediterranean Region, SAR: Southeastern Anatolia. Zoogeographical regions (ZR): AFR: Afrotropical Region, AUR: Australian Region, E: Europe, EP: Eastern Palaearctic, NEAR: Nearctic Region, NTR: Neotropical, ORR: Oriental, WP: Western Palaearctic.

Table 2. Provinces and references of collected species in Turkey.

| Names of Taxa | Distributions in Turkey | References |
|---|--|---|
| TRIBE ECLYTINI TOWNES & TOWNES, 1945 | | |
| Genus <i>Eclytus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Zapedias</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Eclytus (Zapedias) exornatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Isparta | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz, Kırtay & Birol, 2009b; Yaman, 2014 |
| TRIBE EXENTERINI FÖRSTER, 1869 | | |
| Genus <i>Acrotomus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | | |
| <i>Acrotomus lucidulus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | Afyon, Denizli, Edirne, Isparta, Malatya, Muğla, Rize | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Çoruh et al, 2005; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006, Yaman 2014 |
| <i>Acrotomus succinctus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Bilecik, Burdur, Çanakkale, Edirne, Elazığ, Erzurum, Isparta, İstanbul, İzmir, Muğla, Tekirdağ, Rize, Uşak | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov et al, 1997; Kolarov et al, 1999; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Beyarslan, Erdoğan, Çetin & Aydoğdu, 2006, Yurtcan et al, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009b, Kolarov & Çalmaşur, 2011, Özdan, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014a, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Cycasis</i> Townes, 1965 | | |
| <i>Cycasis rubiginosa</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | Bayburt | Çoruh et al, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Eridolius</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Eridolius dorsator</i> (Thunberg, 1822) | Erzurum, Tunceli | Kolarov, 2009; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Eridolius pictus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Erzurum | Kolarov et al, 2014c, Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Genus <i>Exenterus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | |
| <i>Exenterus abruptorius</i> (Thunberg, 1822) | Konya, Isparta | Özdemir, 2001; Yaman, 2014, Özdan, 2014; Özdan & Gürbüz, 2016 |
| <i>Exenterus ictericus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Kastamonu | Yurtcan et al, 2006, Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Exyston</i> Schiodt, 1839 | | |
| <i>Exyston montanus</i> Kerrich, 1975 | Erzurum, Sivas | Kolarov, 1995; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Exyston sponsorius</i> Fabricius, 1781 | Afyon, Aksaray, Bayburt, Erzurum, Edirne, Muğla, Uşak | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Çoruh & Özbek, 2008; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh & Çalmaşur, 2016 |
| <i>Exyston subnitidus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Anatolia | Kerrich, 1952; Kolarov, 1995; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Kristotomus</i> Mason, 1962 | | |
| <i>Kristotomus laetus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Adana, Afyon, Bayburt, Edirne, Denizli, Kırklareli | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov et al, 1999, Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002, Yurtcan et al, 2006; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Kristotomus pumilio</i> (Holmgren, 1857) | Rize | Çoruh et al, 2014a |
| TRIBE IDIOGRAMMATINI CUSHMAN, 1942 | | |
| Genus <i>Idiogramma</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Idiogramma</i> sp. | Isparta | Boncukçu, 2008 |
| TRIBE OEDEMOSINI WOLDSTEDT, 1877 | | |
| Genus <i>Cladeutes</i> Townes, 1969 | | |
| <i>Cladeutes discedens</i> Woldsteth, 1872 | Hatay | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Yaman 2014 |
| Genus <i>Oedemopsis</i> Tschek, 1869 | | |
| <i>Oedemopsis scabricula</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | Erzurum, Giresun, Malatya, Ordu, Rize, Tekirdağ | Çoruh et al, 2005; Beyarslan et al, 2006; Çoruh et al, 2014a; 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Thymaris</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Thymaris contaminatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Çanakkale | Kolarov et al, 1997 |
| <i>Thymaris tener</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Çanakkale | Yaman, 2014 |

Taxonomical and Biogeographical Evaluation of the Subfamily Tryphoninae

Table 2. Continued.

| Names of Taxa | Distributions in Turkey | References |
|--|--|---|
| TRIBE PHYTODIETINI HELLEN, 1915 | | |
| Genus <i>Netelia</i> Gray, 1860 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Bessobates</i> Townes, Townes & Gupta, 1961 | | |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Bessobates</i>) <i>cristata</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Afyon, Denizli, Edirne, Muğla | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Bessobates</i>) <i>latungula</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Ankara, Izmit | Fahringier, 1922; Kolarov, 1995; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Bessobates</i>) <i>virgata</i> (Fourcroy, 1785) | Ankara, Bolu, Düzce, Kastamonu | Fahringier, 1922; Kolarov, 1995; Okyar & Yurtcan, 2007; Yaman, 2014 |
| Subgenus <i>Netelia</i> Gray, 1860 | | |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>denticulata</i> Aubert, 1969 | Eskişehir | Özdemir, 2001; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>dilatata</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Ankara, Elâzığ, Erzurum, Eskişehir, Isparta, Konya, Malatya, Sivas | Kolarov et al, 1999; Özdemir, 2001; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Birol, 2010; Yaman, 2014; Özdan, 2014, Çoruh et al, 2014b; Çoruh & Kolarov, 2016; Özdan & Gürbüz, 2016 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>fuscicornis</i> Holmgren, 1860 | Adana, Afyon, Ankara, Balıkesir, Bayburt, Burdur, Bursa, Çankırı, Edirne, Elazığ, Erzincan, Erzurum, Eskişehir, Hatay, Isparta, Izmir, Kahramanmaraş, Malatya, Manisa, Nevşehir, Kayseri, Kırıkkale, Kırklareli, Kırşehir, Konya, Tekirdağ, Tunceli, Van | Tolkanitz, 1981; Kohl, 1905; Delrio, 1975; Öncüer, 1991; Kolarov, 1994; Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov, 1995; Kolarov et al, 1997; Kolarov et al, 1999; Özdemir, 2001; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Gürbüz, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Beyarslan et al, 2006; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Gürbüz, Aksoylar & Boncuçku, 2009a; Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Birol, 2010; Eroğlu, Kırac & Birol, 2011; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh & Çalmaşur, 2016 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>melanura</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Kırıkkale, İstanbul | Delrio, 1975; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>ocellaris</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Afyon, Edirne, Izmir, Muğla, Tekirdağ, Uşak | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Boncuçku, 2008; Birol, 2010; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>opacula</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Adana, Nevşehir | Sedivy, 1959; Öncüer, 1991; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>praevalvator</i> Delrio 1971 | Afyon, Denizli | Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>rufescens</i> (Tosquinet, 1896) | Afyon, Edirne, Izmir, Kırklareli, Muğla, Uşak | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>silantjewi</i> Kokujev, 1899 | Afyon, Balıkesir, Bursa, Kırklareli, Muğla, Uşak | Kolarov et al, 1997; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>testacea</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Afyon, Adana, Bursa, Edirne, Elazığ, Erzincan, Eskişehir, İstanbul, Izmir, Kayseri, Kırıkkale, Kırklareli, Manisa, Malatya, Muğla, Nevşehir, Tekirdağ, Trabzon, Tunceli | Szepliget, 1911; Schimitschek, 1944; Sedivy, 1959; Townes, Momoi & Townes, 1965; Delrio, 1975; Tolkanitz, 1981; Öncüer 1991; Kolarov, 1994; Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov, 1995; Kolarov et al, 1997; Özdemir, 2001; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>thoracica</i> (Woldstedt, 1880) | Malatya | Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Netelia</i>) <i>valvator</i> Aubert, 1968 | Afyon, Edirne, Erzurum, Isparta, Izmir, Manisa, Muğla, Tekirdağ, Trabzon | Kolarov, 1994, 1995; Kolarov et al, 1999; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Boncuçku, 2008; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Subgenus <i>Paropheltes</i> Cameron, 1907 | | |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Paropheltes</i>) <i>beschkovi</i> Kolarov, 1994 | Nevşehir | Kolarov, 1995; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Paropheltes</i>) <i>elevator</i> Aubert, 1971 | Erzurum | Çoruh et al, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Paropheltes</i>) <i>maculiventris</i> Kokujev, 1915 | Erzurum | Çoruh et al, 2005; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Paropheltes</i>) <i>nigricarpus</i> (Thomson, 1888) | Afyon, Muğla, Uşak | Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia</i> (<i>Paropheltes</i>) <i>nomas</i> Kokujev, 1899 | Erzurum | Çoruh et al, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |

Table 2. Continued.

| Names of Taxa | Distributions in Turkey | References |
|--|---|--|
| TRIBE PHYTODIETINI HELLEN, 1915 | | |
| Genus <i>Netelia</i> Gray, 1860 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Paropheltes</i> Cameron, 1907 | | |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) parvula</i> (Meyer, 1927) | Ankara | Özdemir, 2001; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) tarsata</i> (Brischke, 1880) | Çankırı | Özdemir, 2001; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) terebrator</i> (Ulbricht, 1922) | Kırşehir | Özdemir, 2001; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) turanica</i> (Kokujev, 1899) | Erzurum | Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Subgenus <i>Prosthodocis</i> Enderlein, 1912 | | |
| <i>Netelia (Prosthodocis) japonica</i> Uchida, 1928 | Edirne, Erzurum | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Subgenus <i>Toxochiloides</i> Tolkanitz, 1974 | | |
| <i>Netelia (Toxochiloides) krishtali</i> Tolkanitz, 1971 | Denizli | Kolarov, 1995; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Phytodietus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | | |
| <i>Phytodietus griseanae</i> Kerrich, 1962 | Çankırı | Özdemir, 2001; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Phytodietus montanus</i> Tolkanitz, 1979 | Denizli, Isparta | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Phytodietus polyzonias</i> (Foerster, 1771) | Ankara, Çankırı, İstanbul, Kırkkale, Konya, Nevşehir, Niğde | Özdemir, 2001; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yaman, 2014 |
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD, 1840 | | |
| Genus <i>Aderaeon</i> Townes & Townes, 1949 | | |
| <i>Aderaeon hamatum</i> Kasparyan, 1971 | Erzurum, Bayburt | Kolarov et al, 1999; Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Kolarov et al, 2016; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Boethus</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Boethus thoracicus</i> (Giraud, 1872) | Burdur, Elazığ | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Cosmoconus</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Cosmoconus</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Cosmoconus (C.) ceratophorus</i> (Thomson, 1888)p | Artvin, Erzurum, Rize | Çoruh et al, 2005; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014a, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Cosmoconus (C.) elongator</i> (Fabricius, 1775) | Erzurum, Hatay, Bulgar Mt. (Konya, Niğde Mersin) | Fähringer, 1921; Kolarov, 1995; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Cosmoconus (C.) meridionator</i> Aubert, 1963 | Ardahan, Erzurum, Kars | Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Ctenochira</i> Förster, 1855 | | |
| <i>Ctenochira</i> sp. | Erzurum | Kolarov & Çalmaşur, 2011 |
| <i>Ctenochira angulata</i> (Thomson, 1883) | İstanbul, Rize | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yaman, 2014; Kolarov et al, 2016 |
| <i>Ctenochira meridionator</i> Aubert, 1969 | Ordu | Çoruh et al, 2014a |
| <i>Ctenochira pratensis</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Kars | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Genus <i>Erromenus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | | |
| <i>Erromenus bibulus</i> Kasparyan, 1973 | Bayburt | Çoruh et al, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Erromenus brunicans</i> Dalla Torre, 1901 | Isparta, Zonguldak | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Erromenus junior</i> Thunberg, 1822 | Erzurum | Çoruh et al, 2005; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| <i>Erromenus melanonotus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Kayseri | Kohl, 1905; Kolarov, 1995; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Erromenus punctulatus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | Erzurum | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b |

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Table 2. Continued.

| Names of Taxa | Distributions in Turkey | References |
|---|--|--|
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD, 1840 | | |
| Genus <i>Aderaeon</i> Townes & Townes, 1949 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Aderaeon</i> Townes & Townes, 1949 | | |
| <i>Erromenus (Aderaeon) hamatus</i> Kasparyan, 1971 | Bayburt, Erzurum | Kolarov et al, 1999; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Genus <i>Dyspetes</i> Förster, 1868 | | |
| <i>Dyspetes arrogator</i> Heinrich, 1949 | Kırklareli | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Monoblastus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | |
| <i>Monoblastus brachyacanthus</i> Gmelin, 1790 | Ankara, Bayburt, Burdur, Edirne, Elazığ, Erzurum, Eskişehir, Kars, Kırklareli, Isparta, Sivas, Tekirdağ | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005, Gürbüz, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Beyarslan et al, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Kolarov et al, 2014c; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014; Özdan, 2014; Özdan & Gürbüz, 2016 |
| <i>Monoblastus discedens</i> (Schmiedeknecht, 1912) | Isparta | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009b, Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Monoblastus fulvescens</i> Fonscolombe, 1849 | Edirne, Erzurum | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994, Çoruh et al, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Monoblastus luteomarginatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Balıkesir, Kırklareli | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002 |
| <i>Monoblastus marginellus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Afyon, Ankara, Antalya, Denizli, Erzurum, Isparta, Kırklareli, Muğla | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Neleges</i> Förster, 1868 | | |
| <i>Neleges proditor</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Afyon, Edirne, Isparta, İstanbul, Malatya, Muğla, Uşak | Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Otoblastus</i> Förster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Otoblastus luteomarginatus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Balıkesir, Elazığ, Erzurum, Isparta, Kırklareli, Malatya, Sivas | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014b, Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Parablastus</i> Constantineanu, 1973 | | |
| <i>Parablastus anatolicus</i> Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005 | Isparta | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Parablastus ibericus</i> Kasparyan, 1999 | Isparta | Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2005; Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Yaman, 2014 |
| Genus <i>Polyblastus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Labroctonus</i> Forster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Polyblastus (Labroctonus) alternans</i> Schiödt, 1838 | Aydın, Çanakkale, Denizli, Kırklareli | Kolarov et al, 1997; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006, Yaman, 2014 |
| Subgenus <i>Polyblastus</i> Hartig, 1837 | | |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus) cothurnatus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | Erzurum, Rize | Çoruh et al, 2005; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Kolarov et al, 2016 |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus) pinguis</i> (Gravenhorst, 1820) | Sivas | Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus) tuberculatus</i> Teunissen, 1953 | Kayseri | Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Polyblastus (Polyblastus) varitarsus</i> (Gravenhorst, 1829) | Artvin, Erzurum | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Genus <i>Thibetoides</i> Davis, 1897 | | |
| <i>Thibetoides acerbus</i> Victorov, 1964 | Isparta, Elazığ | Gürbüz & Aksoylar, 2004; Gürbüz, 2005, Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) relator</i> (Thunberg, 1822) | Edirne, Erzurum | Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) rutilator</i> Linnaeus, 1761 | Afyon, Ankara, Antalya, Artvin, Balıkesir, Bayburt, Bingöl, Çorum, Edirne, Erzincan, Erzurum, Eskişehir, Gümüşhane, Isparta, İstanbul, Kars, Kayseri, Kırklareli, Kırşehir, Konya, Malatya, Mersin, Niğde, Sivas, Rize, Yozgat | Fahringer, 1922; Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov, 1995; Kolarov et al, 1999; Özdemir, 2001; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009a, Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Özdemir & Güler, 2009; Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014a; Yaman, 2014; Kolarov et al, 2016 |

Table 2. Continued.

| Names of Taxa | Distributions in Turkey | References |
|--|--|--|
| TRIBE TRYPHONINI SHUCKARD, 1840 | | |
| Genus <i>Tryphon</i> Fallen, 1813 | | |
| Subgenus <i>Tryphon</i> Fallen, 1813 | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) rutilator</i> Linnaeus, 1761 | Afyon, Ankara, Antalya, Artvin, Balıkesir, Bayburt, Bingöl, Çorum, Edirne, Erzincan, Erzurum, Eskişehir, Gümüşhane, Isparta, İstanbul, Kars, Kayseri, Kırklareli, Kırşehir, Konya, Malatya, Mersin, Niğde, Sivas, Rize, Yozgat | Fahringer, 1922; Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov, 1995; Kolarov et al, 1999; Özdemir, 2001; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009a, Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Özdemir & Güler, 2009; Kolarov & Çoruh 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014a; Yaman, 2014; Kolarov et al, 2016 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) signator</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | Aksaray, Ankara, Bayburt, Bingöl, Çorum, Edirne, Elazığ, Erzincan, Erzurum, Hatay, Isparta, İstanbul, Kars, Kastamonu, Kayseri, Kırklareli, Konya, Malatya, Muğla, Niğde, Samsun, Sivas, Sinop, Şanlıurfa, Uşak, Yozgat | Kolarov, 1987; Öncüer, 1991; Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov et al, 1999; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002, Gürbüz, 2005; Çoruh et al, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yurtcan et al, 2006, Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Birol, 2010, Gürbüz et al, 2009b, Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) subsulcatus</i> (Holmgren, 1857) | Aksaray, Erzurum, Sivas | Çoruh et al, 2005, Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) talitzkii</i> Telenga, 1930 | Bayburt, Erzurum, Isparta, Kars | Çoruh et al, 2005; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014b; Birol, 2010; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) thomsoni</i> Roman, 1939 | Adıyaman, Afyon, Bayburt, Bingöl, Çankırı, Denizli, Diyarbakır, Edirne, Erzincan, Erzurum, Giresun, Gümüşhane, Isparta, Kahramanmaraş, Kars, Kayseri, Kırklareli, Malatya, Muğla, Sivas, Şanlıurfa, Uşak, Kırklareli | Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Kolarov et al, 1999; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Gürbüz et al, 2009a, Gürbüz et al, 2009b, Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014a, Çoruh et al, 2014b, Yaman, 2014; Kolarov et al, 2016 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) trochanteratus</i> Holmgren, 1855 | Ankara, Afyon, Denizli, Edirne, Elazığ, İstanbul, İzmir, Malatya, Muğla, Ordu. | Fahringer, 1922; Kolarov, 1987; Öncüer 1991; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Yurtcan et al, 2006; Yaman, 2014 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) zavreli</i> Gregor, 1939 | Aksaray, Ankara, Bayburt, Diyarbakır, Edirne, Elazığ, Erzurum, Erzincan, Isparta, izmir, Kars, Konya, Malatya, Muğla, Sivas, Uşak, Yozgat | Kolarov, 1987; Öncüer, 1991; Kolarov & Beyarslan, 1994; Yurtcan & Beyarslan, 2002; Çoruh et al, 2005; Gürbüz & Kolarov, 2006; Yurtcan et al, 2006, Gürbüz et al, 2009a, Gürbüz et al, 2009b; Kolarov & Çoruh, 2012; Çoruh et al, 2014a, Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| Subgenus <i>Stenocrotaphon</i> Kasparyan, 1969 | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Stenocrotaphon) obtusator</i> (Thunberg, 1824) | Yozgat | Yaman, 2014; Çoruh et al, 2014b |
| <i>Tryphon (Stenocrotaphon) subsulcatus</i> Holmgren, 1857 | Aksaray, Erzurum, Sivas | Çoruh et al, 2005 |
| Subgenus <i>Symboethus</i> Foerster, 1869 | | |
| <i>Tryphon (Symboethus) heliophilus</i> Gravenhorst, 1829 | Edirne | Yaman, 2014 |

According to their zoogeographical regions, the distributions of the species are as follows: 95 species have Western Palaearctic distribution, 91 species European, 84 species East Palaearctic, 13 species Oriental, 10 species Nearctic, 2 species Afrotropical, 2 species Oceanic, only one species Neotropical and Australian. In conclusion, Western Palaearctic and European ones have the highest numbers of species (Fig. 5). From the results of analyses of collected species, *Acrotomus succinctus*, *Oedemopsis scabricula*, *Netelia (Netelia) opacula* showed distribution in six different zoogeographical regions. *N. (N.) testacea* was found in each zoogeographical region. It is clearly understood that, this species was found in six geographical regions in Turkey, eight zoogeographical regions in the world. Moreover, *N. (N.) testacea* parasitizes noctuid moth caterpillars which come to lights and windows at night.

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Showing all observations that they are tend toward to light. Many *Netelia* spp. have been caught in the light trap by us.

Evaluations of hosts and plants visited by adults

Subfamily Tryphoninae is important parasitoid group that uses Noctuidae as hosts. In this study, a total of 4 species were reared from different hosts in Turkey (Table 3). Most of these hosts belong to Lepidoptera order. Only one species was obtained from Hymenoptera species. According to these results, *Netelia* (*Netelia*) *testacea* and *Phytodietus polyzonias* were obtained from 3 different hosts. *N. (N.) testacea* has 62, *P. polyzonias* has 33 hosts in the world (Yu *et al.*, 2012). *Exenterus abruptorius* and *N. (B.) virgata* were obtained from one host. Plant–insect relationships have great importance to ecosystem (Petanidou & Lamborn, 2005). In recent years studies have found many species in our country. Table 4 showed the tryphonine species associated with the plant species in Turkey. Until now, 9 species have been identified as plants visitors by tryphonine adults. At the end of the study, the followings were observed: Turkey has an important topographic and climatic structure with its position at the junction of Asia, Africa and Europe. Therefore, every year several species have been added to the Ichneumonidae fauna of Turkey. In this regard, the taxonomical and biogeographical characteristics of the species in Turkey should be identified and monitored. In recent years, biogeographical studies have been done on this family. Until know, 1257 species were recognized in the last 20 years. We believe that there are many species that are not determined in our country.

Table 3. Parasitoid tryphonines obtained from different hosts in Turkey.

| Names of Taxa | Hosts Name | Order and Family of Hosts | References |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Exenterus abruptorius</i> | <i>Diprion pini</i> L. | Hymenoptera: Diprionidae | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Bessobates) virgata</i> | <i>Cosmia trapezina</i> (L.) | Lepidoptera: Noctuidae | Okyar & Yurtcan, 2007 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) testacea</i> | <i>Polygona egea</i> (Cramer) | Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae | Kolarov, 1995 |
| | <i>Acronista rumicis</i> L. | Lepidoptera: Noctuidae | |
| | <i>Pectinophora gossypiella</i> Saunders | Lepidoptera: Gelechiidae | |
| <i>Phytodietus polyzonias</i> | <i>Archips xylosteana</i> (L.) | Lepidoptera: Tortricidae | Özdemir, 2001 |
| | <i>Archips</i> sp. | Lepidoptera: Tortricidae | |
| | <i>Yponomeutidae malinellus</i> Zeller | Lepidoptera: Yponomeutidae | |

Table 4. Plants visited by tryphonine adults in Turkey.

| Names of Taxa | Plant Species | Family of Plant Species | Reference |
|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>Exenterus abruptorius</i> | <i>Pinus</i> sp. | Pinaceae | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Bessobates) latungula</i> | <i>Achillea micrantha</i> M. & B. | Asteraceae | Fahringer, 1922 |
| <i>Netelia (Bessobates) virgata</i> | <i>Hypericum rhodopaeum</i> Friv. | Clusiaceae | Fahringer, 1922 |
| <i>Netelia (Netelia) dilatata</i> | <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. | Fabaceae | Kolarov et al, 1999 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) parvula</i> | <i>Peganum harmala</i> L. | Zygophyllaceae | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Netelia (Paropheltes) terebrator</i> | <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. | Fabaceae | Özdemir, 2001 |
| <i>Cosmoconus (C.) elongator</i> | <i>Chrysanthemum argentatum</i> Willd. | Asteraceae | Kolarov, 1995 |
| <i>Tryphon (Tryphon) rutilator</i> | <i>Daucus carota</i> L. | Apiaceae | Fahringer, 1922 |
| <i>Phytodietus polyzonias</i> | <i>Prunus avium</i> L. | Rosaceae | Özdemir, 2001 |
| | <i>Juglans regia</i> L. | Junglandaceae | |
| | <i>Malus domestica</i> Borkh. | Rosaceae | |
| | <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L. | Rosaceae | |
| | <i>Prunus domestica</i> L. | Rosaceae | |

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